GOOS Steering Committee (SC-10 part 2): Regional approachesGRA – GOOS

An Overview

REGIONAL ALLIANCES Global -Regional - nAtional

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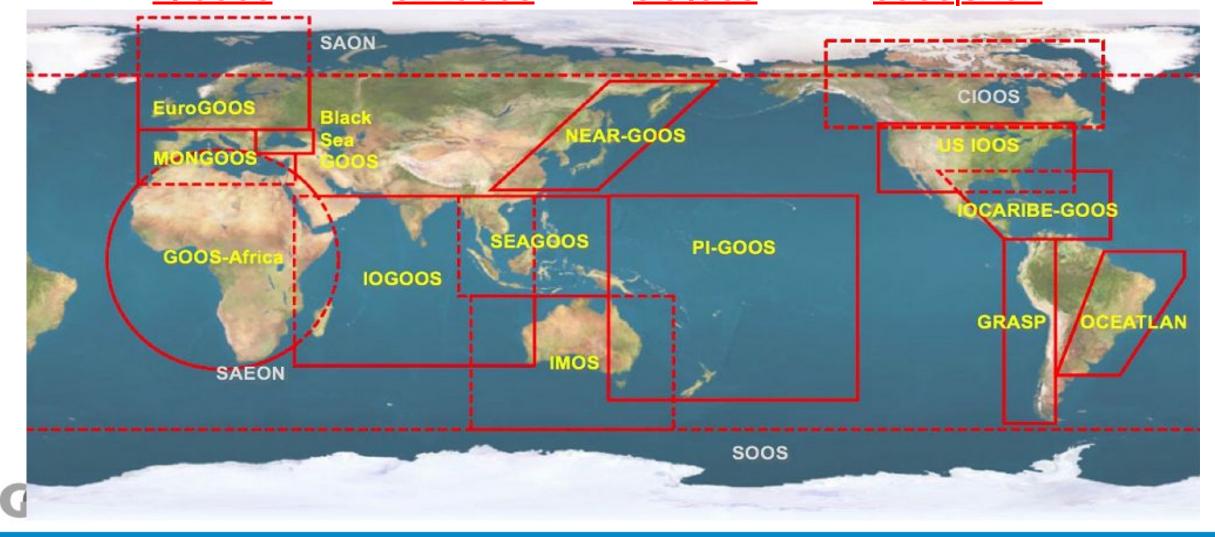






GRAs

Black Sea GOOSEuroGOOSGOOS AfricaGRASPIOCARIBE-GOOS IMOSIOGOOSMONGOOSNEAR-GOOSOCEATLANPI-GOOSSEAGOOSU.S.IOOSSOOS|SAON



GRA Governance

Structure	inter-governme ntal	government, non-governmental organizations, institutions	ioc sub-commi ssions	national marine agencies
Political consortium	grasp	eurogoos	goos africa, seagoos	
Basins and regions	black sea goos	<u>iogoos,</u> <u>mongoos</u>		
small island developing states (SIDS)		<u>pi-goos</u>	<u>iocaribe-go</u> <u>os</u>	
Thematic	<u>near-goos,</u> <u>oceatlan</u>			
National systems				u.s. ioos, imos





Regional alliances

GOOS unifies national observing systems to meet national needs, strengthen connections through learning and sharing, and make a greater set of ocean observations available to a global community.

Our Regional Alliances (GRAs) integrate these national needs into regional systems and deliver the benefits of GOOS's strategy, structure, and programmes at a regional, national and finally global level.

"We are pleased to be able to play such a vital role in observing the ocean and to contribute substantially to one of GOOS's key implementing frameworks."

- R Venkatesan PhD, Chair of GOOS Regional Alliances (GRA) Council, GOOS National Focal Point

GRAs are coalitions of nations and/or institutions that share GOOS principles and goals, but are mostly concerned with local priorities and organized around ocean basins or coastal environments.

Different regions of the globe are represented by 15 GRAs, emphasizing regional priorities, differing by need, resources and culture. These interact with each other to learn and share best practice in implementing observing systems.



Some GRAs emphasize data sharing or regional capacity development. Others are building out extensive observation systems with dedicated marine service goals such as oil spill response capabilities or typhoon forecasting.



https://www.goosocean.org/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=294&Itemid=425

GOOS has six key components:





Expert panels for physics and climate, biogeochemistry, biology and ecosystems that synthesize across requirements and provide guidance on observing systems design.

Observations Coordination Group:

Observations Coordination Group, JCOMMOPS and GOOS

Regional Alliances that implement observing systems and ensure the flow of observations across the global network and regional observing structures.

Operational Forecast Systems:

An expert team on operational forecast systems creating guidance to improve capacity, quality and interoperability of ocean forecast products.

GOOS Projects for the observing System:

GOOS Projects that advance innovation and expand into new areas and capabilities for the observing system

GOOS Structure & Engagement:

Core coordination through a central GOOS office in Paris and distributed nodes supporting GOOS structures and engagement. In 2020 a G7-GOOS coordination centre will begin operation as a complement.

GOOS Steering Committee & Sponsors:

Governance through a GOOS Steering Committee and sponsors (the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission o UNESCO, the world Meteorological Organisation, United Nations Environment Programme, and the International Science Council).



SO4 Empower end user applications

Data Integration Products Across GRAs

Initial action is to develop case studies, IMOS has initiated such a project and this would constitute an initial case study, users to learn and expand across GRAs

SO1 Partnerships for delivery

GRA forecasts, services and assessment

GRAs - forecasts, services and assessment (FS&A) and showcase success stories. evolve a methodology to develop interconnection among GRAs and Initiate dialogue during the next GRA Forum

SO9 Capacity Development

Implementing ocean monitoring and forecasting system with the engagement of GRAs

Engage with Member States at regional level, in particular SIDS and African countries on implementing ocean observing and forecasting systems

Ocean Observation Network Training Workshops

For interested African Member States aspiring to undertake National Ocean Observation Network.





- UN DECADE OCEAN SCIENCE
- USE CASE LIBRARY under development Benefits of Ocean Observing Catalog (BOOC)
- EMODnet Asset mapping
- ETOOFS Expert Team on Operational Ocean Forecasting System (ETOOFS)
- SCOR WG FLOTSAM -Marine Plastics OBS Open ocean sampling reporting
- Integrated Marine Debris Observing System (IMDOS)
- GRA connectivity:

 OceanGliders, HF Radars, and Animal-borne instrumentation,
 GOA-ON, OCG and Ocean Best Practices groups.
- Discussion The OOPC Boundary System Task Team:
- COVID 19 Crisis Many meetings are postponed –Field activities are affected Work from Home Challenges in Funding

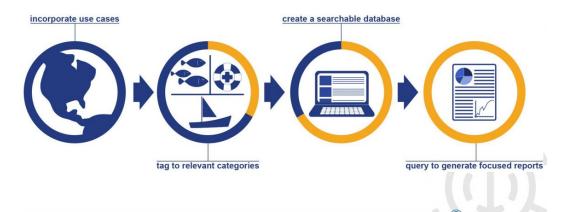
U.S. Integrated Ocean Observing System (U.S IOOS)

Benefits of Ocean Observations Catalog (BOOC)

To create an online, geographically referenced, searchable data base of use cases focused on end user's specific choices that they make from information, products and services from the ocean observing systems

To incorporate use cases, tag them to the relevant application areas, and have a searchable database.

The Benefits of Ocean Observations Catalog





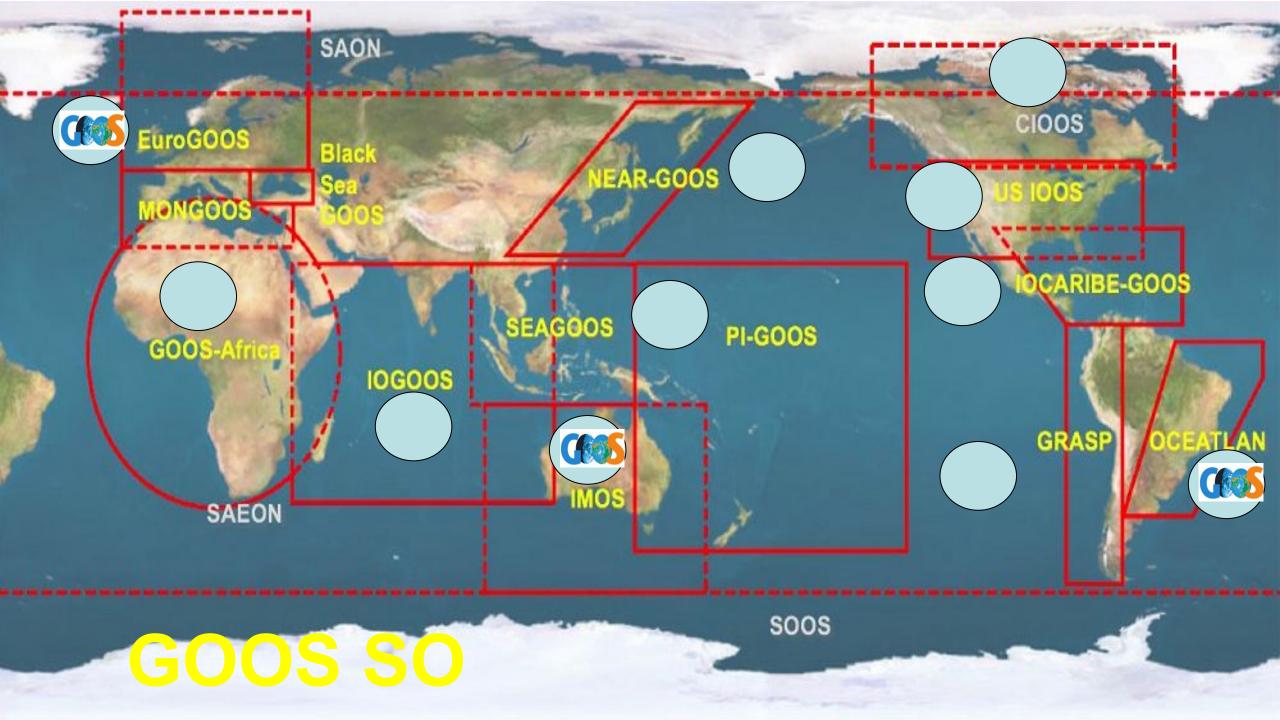
GRA Success Story: Ocean Science & Small Island Developing States

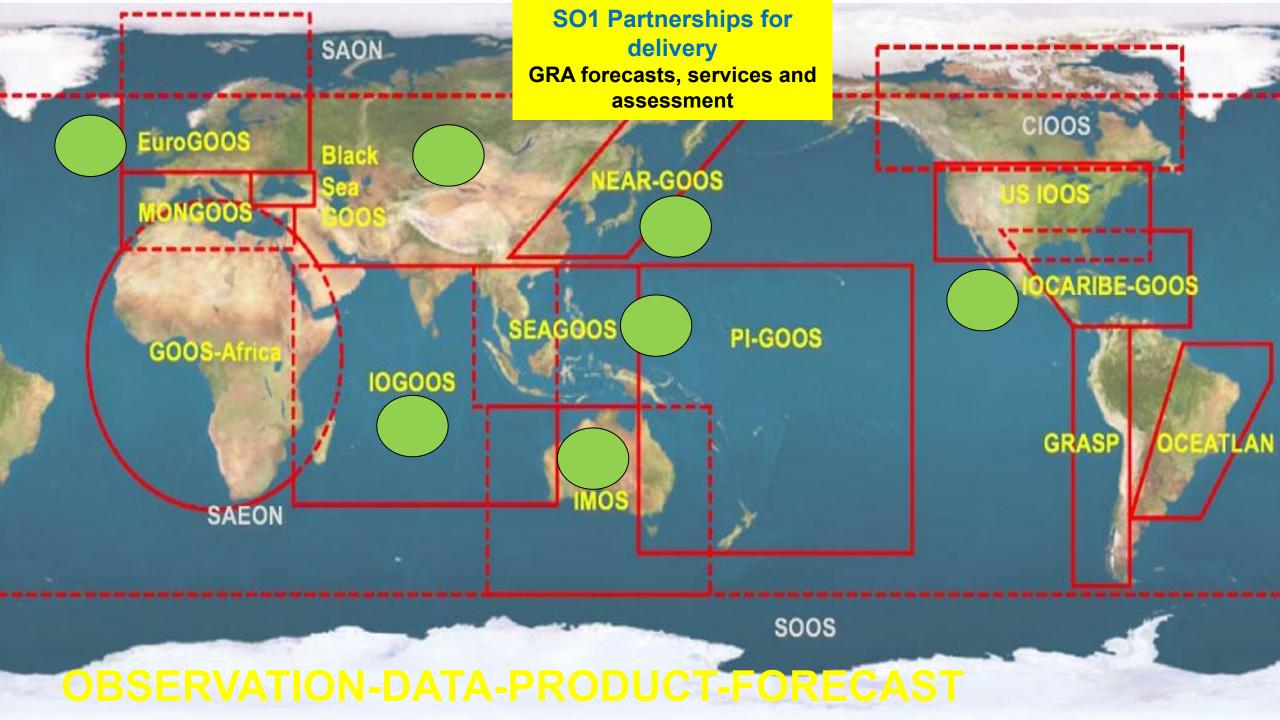
Small Island Developing States as designated by UNESCO and UN-OHRLLS.

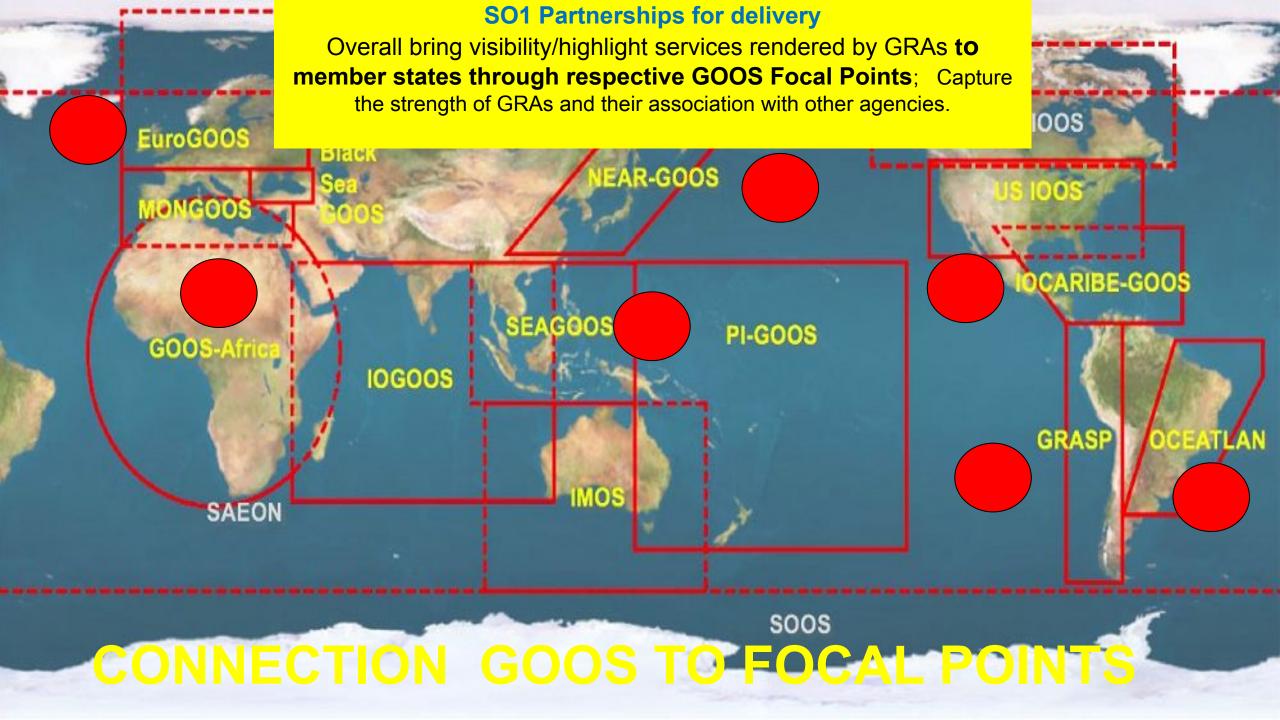
Small Island Developing States (SIDS) have vulnerable "blue economies," where most livelihoods rely directly on ocean resources.

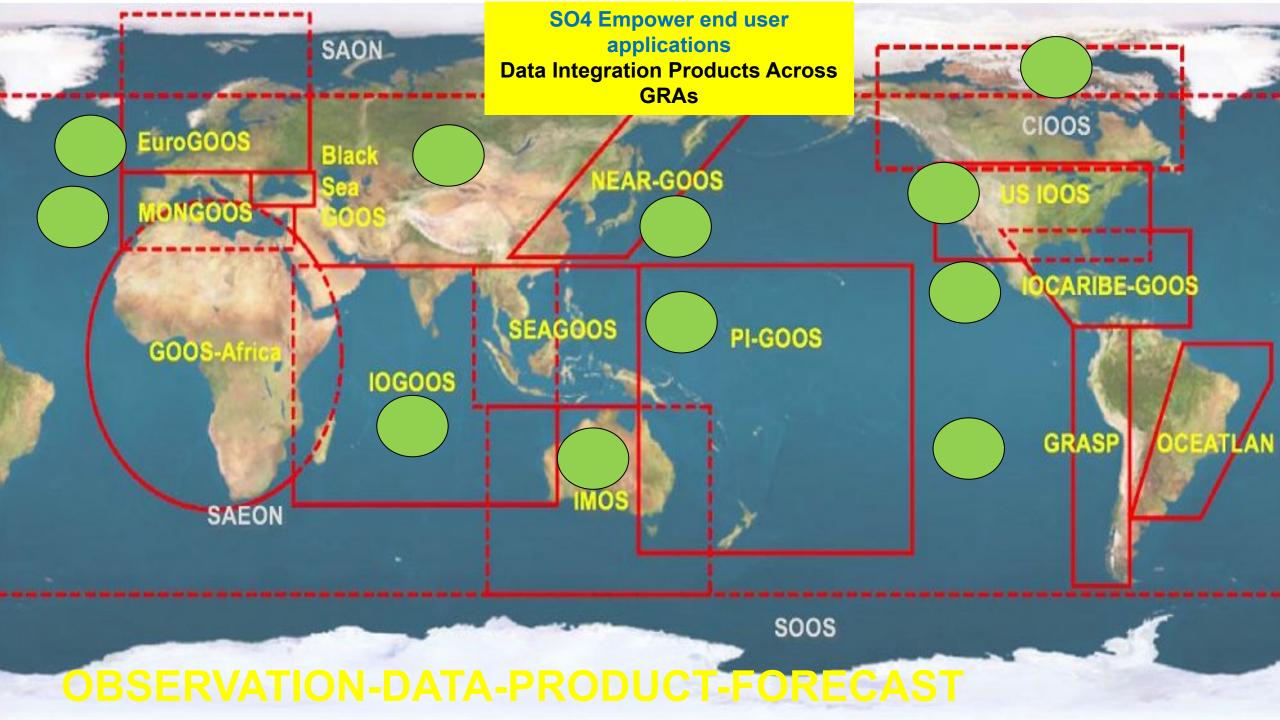
An <u>article published on SciDevNet</u> – with contributions from several GRAs – explores how cooperative ocean monitoring can help SIDS to manage their marine environments based on the best science available.

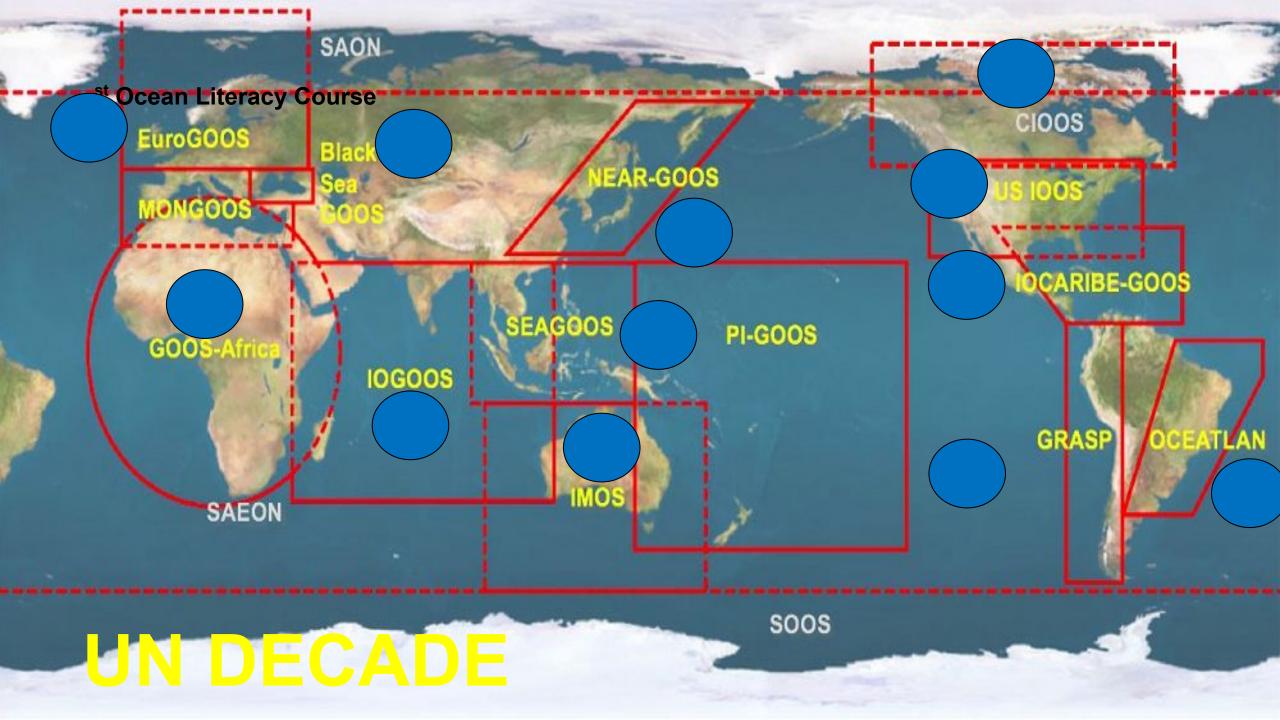


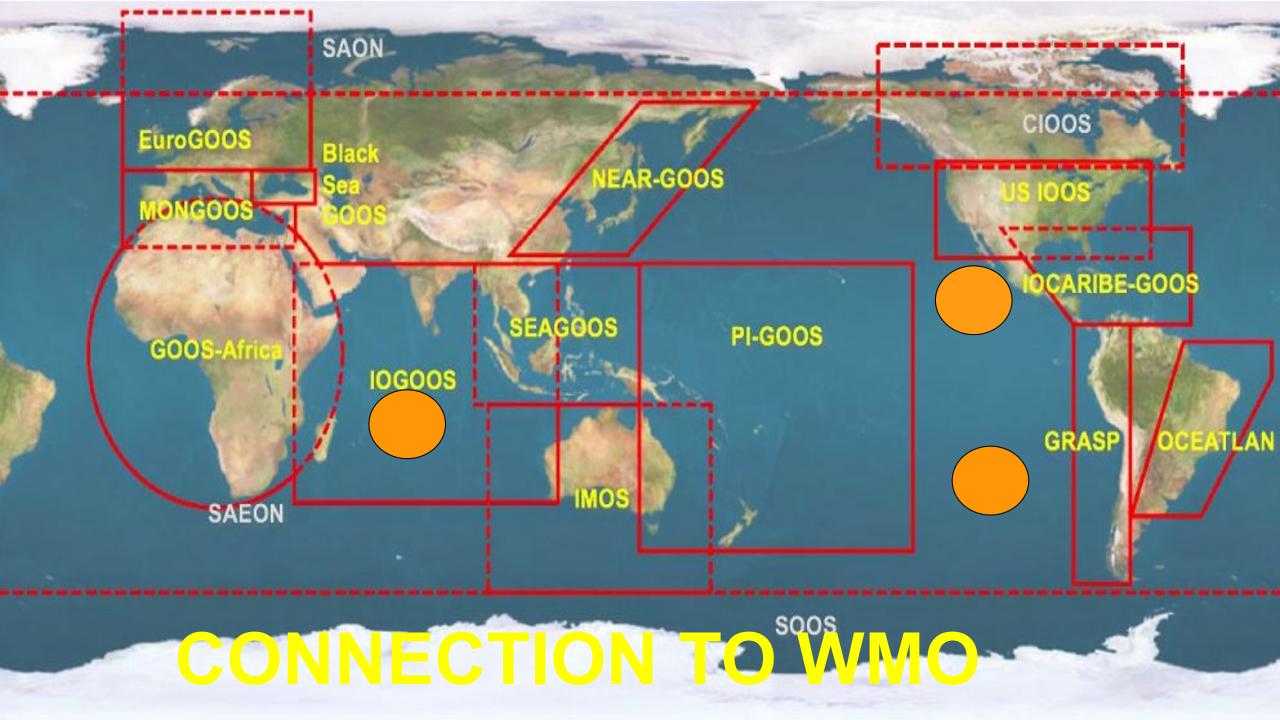


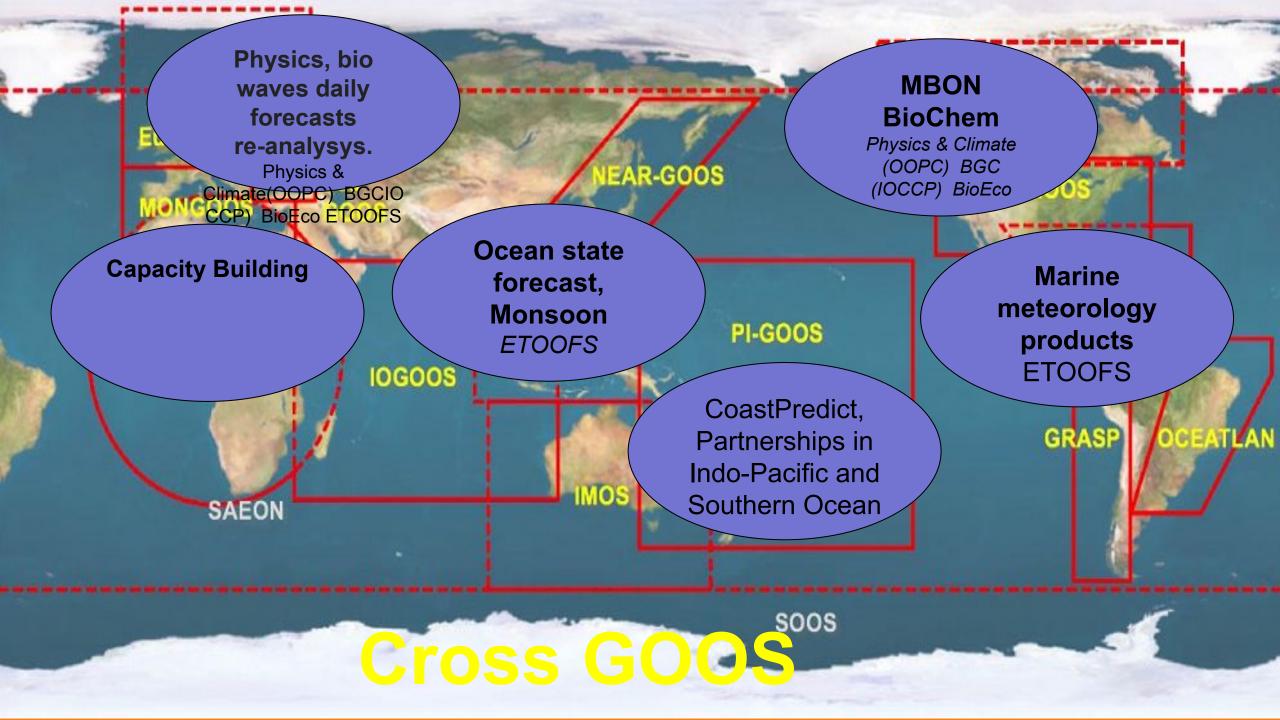




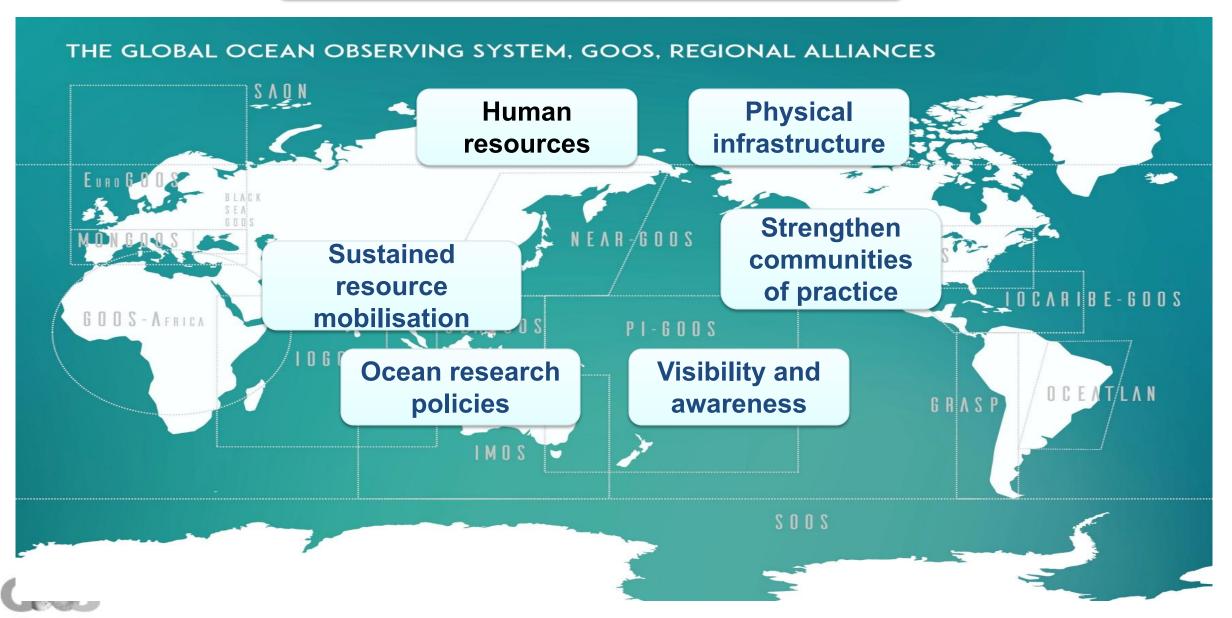








Capacity Development GOOS FOCAL POINT



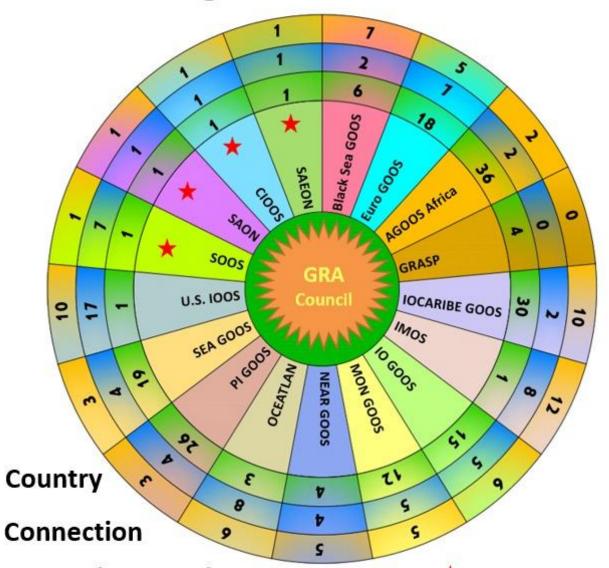
The Global Ocean Observing System GOOS Regional Alliance Council

6 IOC sub-commissions or related intergovernmental structures.

4 memorandum of understanding.

1 international nonprofit association,

2 funded national government programs



- 1. IOCARIBE GOOS
- 2. NEARGOOS
- 3. SEA-GOOS
- 4. GRASP
- 5. PI GOOS
- 6. GOOSAfrica
- 7. MANGOOS
- 8. Black Sea GOOS
- 9. IOGOOS
- 10. OCEATLAN
- 11. EuroGOOS
- **12. IMOS**
- **13. USIOOS**



0 + Project/Product/Societal



The Global Ocean Observing System GOOS Regional Alliance Council

GOOS in the Decade Proposal

Three transformative
Decade Programmes
United under the theme of
INTEGRATION

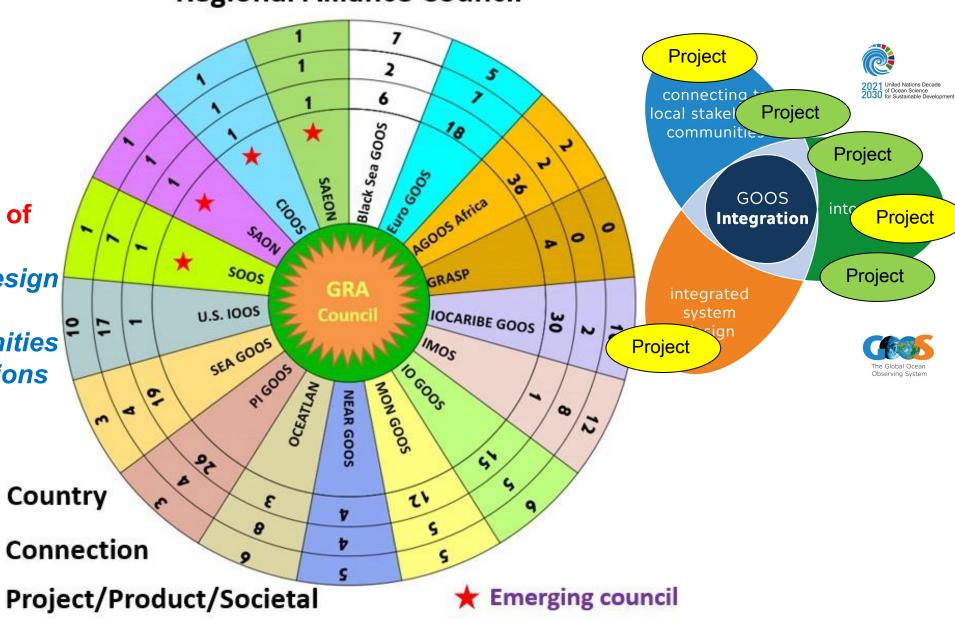
Integrated system design

• Connecting to local stakeholder communities

• Integrating observations into the coast

130 +

70 +





GOOS SC to consider

- Initiate action from emerging GRAs to full fledged GRA
- Connecting to National Focal Points
- GRAs role Global Regional nAtional
- SEEK ADVISE OF GOOS SC 1994 3 Decades
- Discuss the recommendation for creating a Task team to make recommendations next year.
 - Connect Guide Resolve Strengthen GRAs activities

